



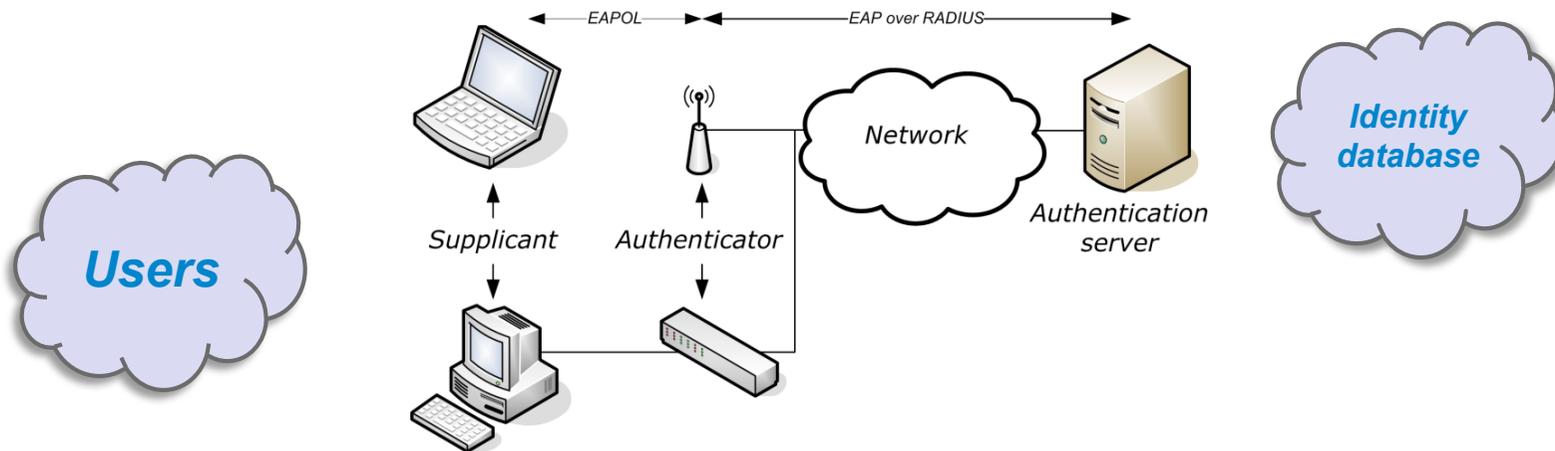
# Challenges for wide scale 802.1x deployment

March 2010

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# 🌟 802.1x architecture

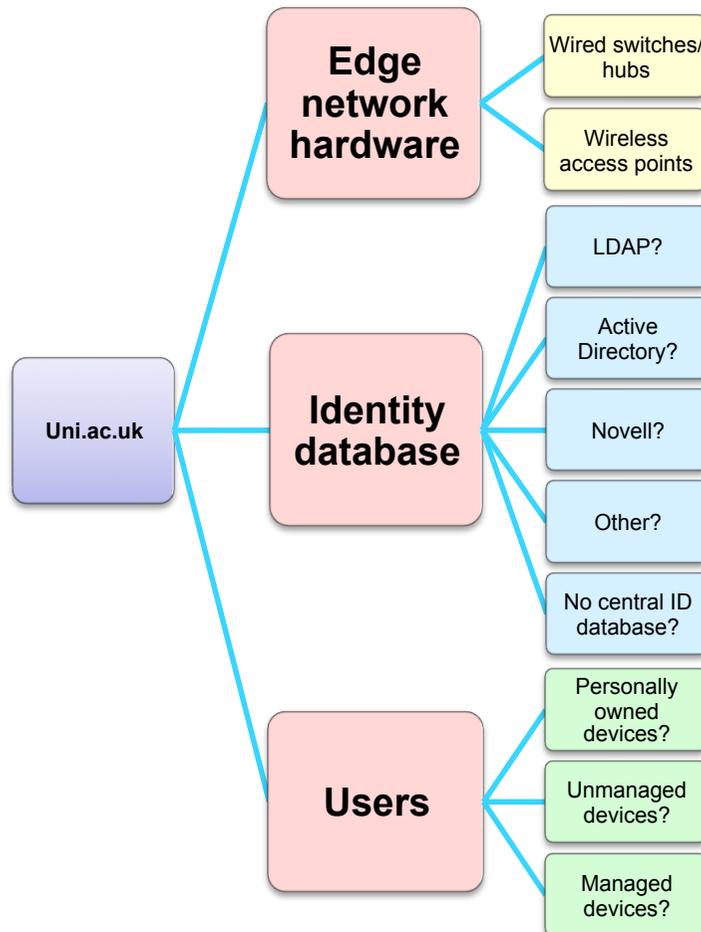


User » Supplicant » Authenticator » Authentication Server » Identity database

- Securely controlled access
- Potential for traffic encryption
- Enables NAP / NAC / TNC
- Not just a network on/off switch

[ Supplicant, authenticator, authentication server diagram adapted from: [http://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Wat\\_is\\_EAP.png](http://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Wat_is_EAP.png)]

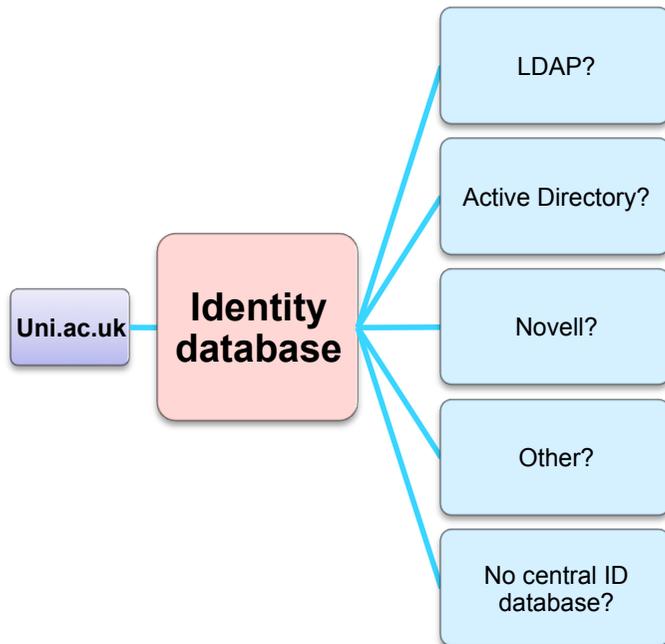
# 🌟 Planning: Existing elements



- Edge network devices need to be 802.1x capable.
- EAP Types: How credentials are stored in your ID database affects which EAP types you can use.
- Supplicant choice: Device and user nature influences which supplicant will be best for you.

# 🔥 Planning: ID DB & EAP types

- The hash used to store credentials in your ID database affects which EAP types you can use:



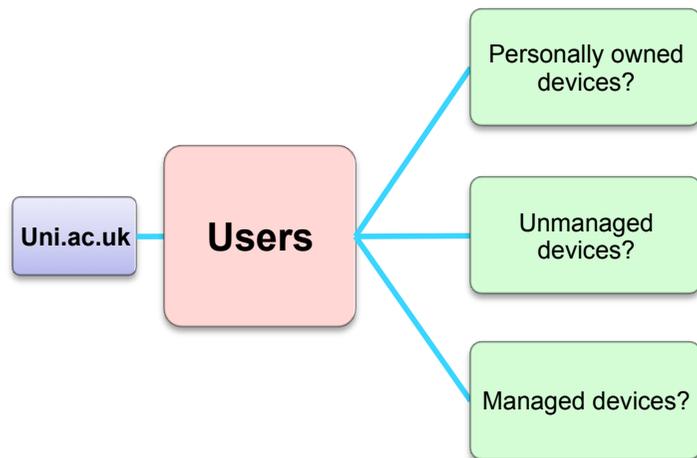
| Passwords stored as →<br>Compatible EAP types ↓ | Plain text | NT hash | MD5 hash | SHA1 hash | Unix Crypt |
|---|------------|---------|----------|-----------|------------|
| PAP   | ☺          | ☺       | ☺        | ☺         | ☺          |
| CHAP  | ☺          | X       | X        | X         | X          |
| Digest  | ☺          | X       | X        | X         | X          |
| MS-CHAP   | ☺          | ☺       | X        | X         | X          |
| PEAP  | ☺          | ☺       | X        | X         | X          |
| EAP-MSCHAPv2                                    | ☺          | ☺       | X        | X         | X          |
| Cisco LEAP                                      | ☺          | ☺       | X        | X         | X          |
| EAP-GTC   | ☺          | ☺       | ☺        | ☺         | ☺          |
| EAP-MD5   | ☺          | X       | X        | X         | X          |
| EAP-SIM   | ☺          | X       | X        | X         | X          |

- Which methods are available to communicate with the ID DB?

| Communication method  | Compatible EAP Types              |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| ntlm_auth (part of Samba - used to communicate with MS Active Directory or a Samba Domain Controller) | PAP, MS-CHAP, EAP-MS-CHAPv2, PEAP |
| LDAP (Binding as the user authenticating)   | PAP                               |
| PAM   | PAP                               |

Based on information from <http://deployingradius.com> - a good source of information about RADIUS & EAP types.

# 🌟 Planning: Supplicant choice



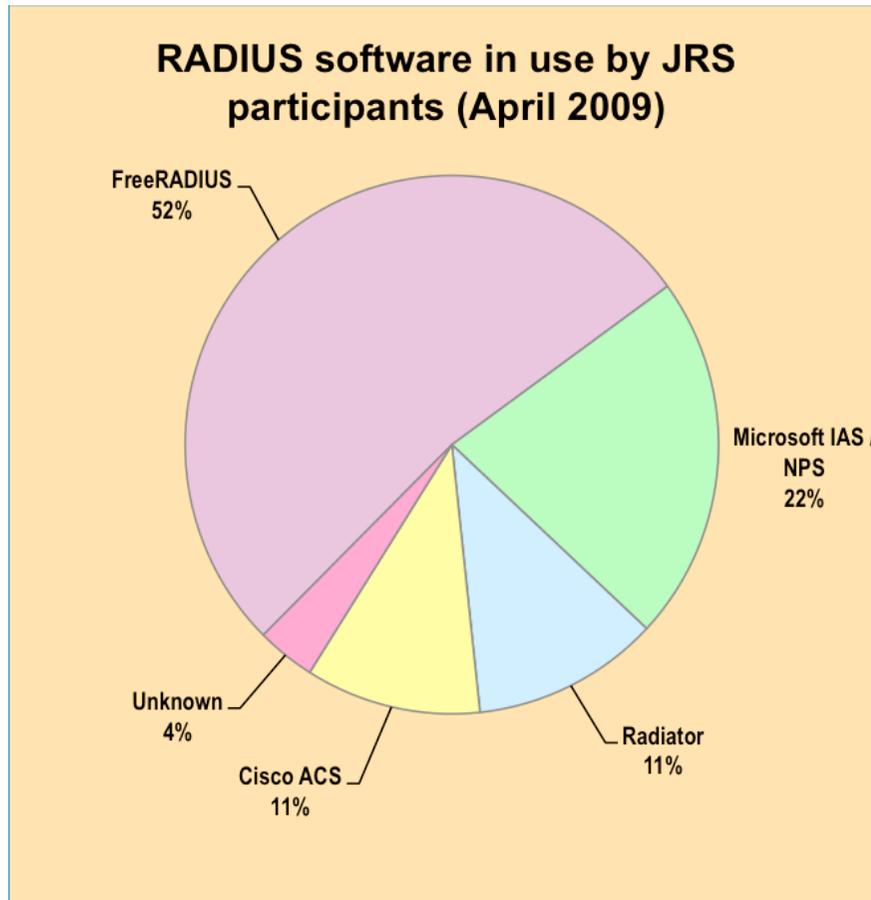
- Just provide user information?
- Use the OS built in one?
- Provide a supplicant program? (Mandate it?)
- Pre-configured?
- Use a “Configuration Wizard”?
- Consider personally owned machines and mobile devices

# Planning: New elements

- RADIUS / EAP servers
- Resilience & scalability
- Management & monitoring
- Expectations



# 🌟 Planning: RADIUS servers

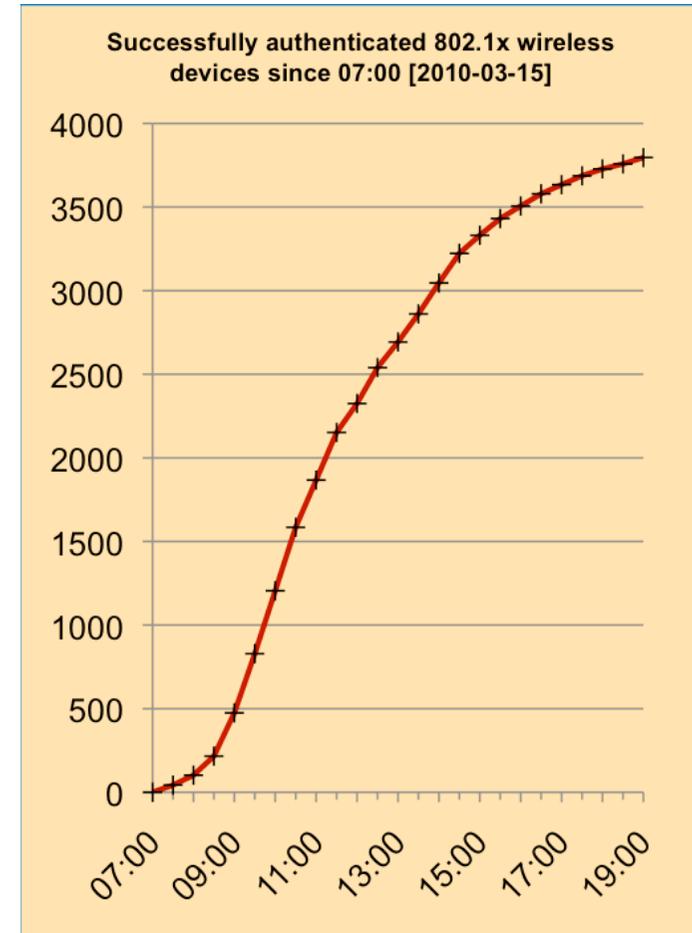


- Must be capable of communicating with your identity database
- Must support the desired EAP types
- Be flexible enough to implement any access / proxying policies you need.
- **Microsoft IAS / NPS** is included with MS Server OSs
- **FreeRADIUS** is open source. It's actively developed, fast, modular, scalable and has an extensive feature set.
- **Cisco ACS** comes as software to run on Windows, or as an appliance.
- **Radiator** is purchasable and runs on a variety of OSs. Radiator is used on the JRS UK national RADIUS proxy servers.

# 🔥 Planning: Resilience, scalability, monitoring and management

- The consequences of system failure are considerable
- After the initial setup, users really like 802.1x wireless
- Monitor the whole chain and each element individually:

User » Supplicant » Authenticator » Authentication Server » Identity database



# Expectations

- Wired 802.1x doesn't generally provide encryption over the wire
- Non-802.1x compatible devices – policy & technical options
- The average end user doesn't know about the settings required to make it work.
- Learning curve.



# Bristol's implementation (1/3)

- **Wireless: 4 SSIDs**

- An open unauthenticated SSID - captive portal, providing instructions for users and “setup wizards” for the most popular OSs.
- eduroam - 802.1x wireless for staff, students & qualifying visitors.
- An 802.1x SSID – solely for machines under the control of a wireless group policy – machine authentication only.
- A PSK + web-redirect authenticated SSID for those that can't use eduroam / JANET (ADSL backhaul to the Internet).

- **Wired:**

- Completed a small trial of Windows machines doing machine authentication. Further expansion is planned for the future.



# Bristol's implementation (2/3)

- EAP types:
  - Active directory is used as the credential store, so we support the MSCHAPv2 based types: **PEAP, TTLS/MSCHAPv2**
  - PEAP is natively supported in Windows. PEAP & TTLS/MSCHAPv2 are natively supported in Apple OS X & Linux.
- Supplicant:
  - We don't provide a separate supplicant program
  - We do use **Cloudpath XpressConnect**
  - Provide instructions for all popular OSs:  
<http://www.wireless.bris.ac.uk/eduroam>
  - Provide detailed generic instructions:  
<http://www.wireless.bris.ac.uk/getconnected/services/eduroam/go-anything/>



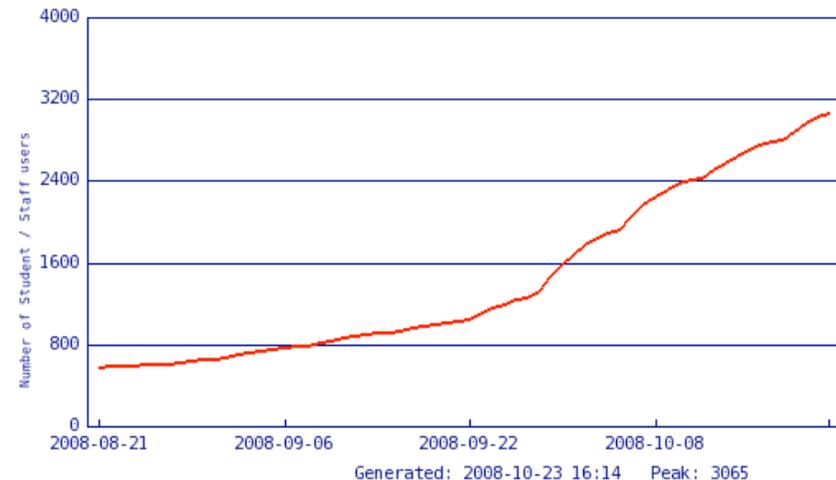
# Bristol's implementation (3/3)

- **RADIUS servers:**
  - A long time ago we tried Win 2000 MS IAS with FreeRADIUS in front.
  - **FreeRADIUS** – Provides massive flexibility, very reliable.
  - **Samba** (ntlm\_auth) – Allows FreeRADIUS to validate credentials against Active Directory
  - FreeRADIUS is also configured to connect to various other databases for user authorisation.
- **Monitoring & Management:**
  - RADIUS servers monitored via “**status-server**” requests.
  - EAP functionality tested with **eapol\_test** (part of *wpa\_supplicant*)
  - SNMP monitor of servers, with Nagios+Cacti for visualisation.
  - Certwatch to warn when certificates are about to expire.
  - Monitor DBs (tools depending on which DB)



# Successes

- Self-help web pages and automatic setup wizards, including Cloudpath XpressConnect:
- Three weeks into the 2008 academic year, over 3000 users had connected themselves via WPA2 802.1x, even though the captive portal + VPN based wireless service was still available



- Machine authenticated wireless deployed via Group Policy:
  - Deployment of laptops instead of desktops for staff becoming more common
  - End users can not 'break' the wireless settings
  - Use at conferences, home Wi-Fi unaffected
- Since changing to 802.1x wireless, user ratings have increased:
  - 2007: 74% of users rated the wireless service as good/excellent
  - 2009: 87% of users rated the wireless service as good/excellent

[University of Bristol wireless service users surveys 2007 & 2009. 454 (19.7%) and 745 (11.5%) respondents (response rate) respectively]



# Problems

- Enforcement of certificate verification
- Spurious realms
- Timers
- User account lock outs
- Authentication DB reliability, authorisation DB speed
- NIC Drivers + OS hotfixes
- WOL, PXE boot, Unattended builds
- Active Directory schema
- IP space – more devices than users & many users



# Further information

- Mailing lists:

[wireless-admin@jiscmail.ac.uk](mailto:wireless-admin@jiscmail.ac.uk)  
[wireless-trapeze@jiscmail.ac.uk](mailto:wireless-trapeze@jiscmail.ac.uk)  
[wireless-lan@listserv.educause.edu](mailto:wireless-lan@listserv.educause.edu)  
  
[freeradius-users@lists.freeradius.org](mailto:freeradius-users@lists.freeradius.org)

Contact [support@ja.net](mailto:support@ja.net) if you need help implementing **eduroam** at your site.

- Web:

<http://wiki.freeradius.org> – FreeRADIUS Wiki

<http://deployingradius.com> – Deploying RADIUS: The book

<http://www.ja.net/roaming> - JANET Roaming / eduroam

<http://www.eduroam.org/downloads/docs/GN2-08-230-DJ5.1.5.3-eduroamCookbook.pdf> - GEANT2 Eduroam Cookbook

<http://www.cisco.com/univercd/cc/td/doc/solution/macauthb.pdf> - Cisco's answer to non-802.1x capable devices

<http://su1x.sf.net> - Windows native supplicant configuration tool (Gareth Ayres at Swansea University)

<http://open1x.sf.net> – Open source supplicant for Windows & Linux



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